## (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:42:28 ON 31 JAN 2006)

```
FILE 'CAPLUS, MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 15:42:45 ON 31 JAN 2006
                 O S ALUMINUM ALGINATE (P) GEL (P) PECTATE
L1
                 7 S ALUMINUM ALGINATE (P) GEL
L2
L3
                 O S ALUMINUM ALGINATE (P) GEL (P) FRUIT?
                 8 S ALUMINUM ALGINATE (P) GEL?
L4
L5
                 1 S L4 NOT L2
                 1 S ALUMINUM ALGINATE (P) FOAM?
L6
L7
                 2 S ALUMINUM PECTINATE? (P) GEL?
L8
                1 S ALUMINUM PECTINATE? (P) TABLET? (P) CAPSULE? (P) POWDER?
                1 S ALUMINUM PECTINATE? (P) TABLET?
L9
L10
               1 S ALUMINUM ALGINATE? (P) TABLET? (P) CAPSULE? (P) POWDER?
                4 S ALUMINUM ALGINATE? (P) TABLET?
L11
             1 S ALUMINUM ALGINATE? (P) CAPSULE?
2 S ALUMINUM ALGINATE? (P) CAPSULE?
1 S ALUMINUM ALGINATE? (P) GRANULE?
8 S ALUMINUM ALGIN? (P) GEL?
L12
L13
L14
L15
L16
              1 S ALUMINUM ALGIN? (P) WEIGHT LOSS
1 S ALUMINUM ALGIN? (P) WEIGHT REDUCT?
1 S ALUMINUM ALGIN? (P) PRESS?
0 S ALUMINUM PECTINATE? (P) PRESS?
L17
L18
L19
L20
L21
                1 S ALUMINUM PECTINATE? (P) FOAM?
```

## (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:42:28 ON 31 JAN 2006)

	FILE	'CAPLUS, MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 15:42:45 ON 31 JAN 2006
$_{\rm L1}$		O S ALUMINUM ALGINATE (P) GEL (P) PECTATE
L2		7 S ALUMINUM ALGINATE (P) GEL
L3		O S ALUMINUM ALGINATE (P) GEL (P) FRUIT?
L4		8 S ALUMINUM ALGINATE (P) GEL?
L5		1 S L4 NOT L2
L6		1 S ALUMINUM ALGINATE (P) FOAM?
L7		2 S ALUMINUM PECTINATE? (P) GEL?
L8		1 S ALUMINUM PECTINATE? (P) TABLET? (P) CAPSULE? (P) POWDER?
<b>L</b> 9		1 S ALUMINUM PECTINATE? (P) TABLET?
L10		1 S ALUMINUM ALGINATE? (P) TABLET? (P) CAPSULE? (P) POWDER?
L11		4 S ALUMINUM ALGINATE? (P) TABLET?
L12		1 S ALUMINUM ALGINATE? (P) POWDER?
L13		2 S ALUMINUM ALGINATE? (P) CAPSULE?
L14		1 S ALUMINUM ALGINATE? (P) GRANULE?
L15		8 S ALUMINUM ALGIN? (P) GEL?
L16		2 S ALUMINUM PECTATE (P) GEL?
L17		1 S ALUMINUM ALGIN? (P) WEIGHT LOSS
L18		1 S ALUMINUM ALGIN? (P) WEIGHT REDUCT?
L19		1 S ALUMINUM ALGIN? (P) PRESS?
L20		0 S ALUMINUM PECTINATE? (P) PRESS?
L21		1 S ALUMINUM PECTINATE? (P) FOAM?

L2 ANSWER 6 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:614903 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:214903

TITLE: Controlled-release formulation for pharmaceutical,

foodstuff, or assay component

INVENTOR(S): Barker, Sidney Alan; Gray, Charles John; Hofmann,

Martin

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kelco International Ltd., UK

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 21 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	rent no.		KI	ND	DATE	AP	PLICATION NO.		DATE
								-	
ΕP	447100		A	1	19910918	EP	1991-301806		19910305
	R: CH,	DE,	FR, GB	, IT,	LI, NL				
CA	2037569		A	A	19910907	CA	1991-2037569		19910305
CA	2037569		C		20020212				
JP	05078237		A	2	19930330	JP	1991-216757		19910306
JΡ	3264948		В	2	20020311				
 						~-	1000 1050	•	1000000

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GB 1990-4950 A 19900306

AB A controlled-release formulation based on a gel matrix is provided for controlled release of a pharmaceutical, a foodstuff, or as a component of a diagnostic assay apparatus. The formulation comprises a gel matrix, a protein trapped therein, and an ingredient capable of binding to the entrapped protein. On exposure of the formulation to an environment containing a proteolytic enzyme, the protein is degraded and the ingredient released from the protein and into the enzyme-containing environment. Preparation of tetracycline-casein-calcium alginate beads is described, as is release of tetracycline from the beads by exposure of the beads to trypsin.

ANSWER 5 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN L2

1992:611287 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:211287

Molding of polysaccharide gels at high pressure TITLE:

Tobiya, Atsumi; Shiotani, Toshiaki INVENTOR (S):

Snow Brand Milk Products Co., Ltd., Japan PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 3 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 04121151	A2	19920422	JP 1990-240017	19900912
JP 2899989	B2	19990602		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1990-240017

Polysaccharide gels are charged into molds and subjected to high-pressure treatment for molding. The gels are useful in manufacture of jellies, pharmaceutical capsules, medical goods, etc. Aqueous 1% Na alginate solution

was added dropwise to aqueous 1% CaCl2 solution to manufacture Ca alginate gel, which was

charged in a mold and pressured at 10,000 kg/cm2 for 30 s. The molded gel showed 3.0-fold more elasticity than that of the controls.

L2 ANSWER 5 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:611287 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:211287

TITLE: Molding of polysaccharide gels at high pressure

INVENTOR(S): Tobiya, Atsumi; Shiotani, Toshiaki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Snow Brand Milk Products Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 3 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

which was

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
		- <b></b>		<del>-</del> -
JP 04121151	A2	19920422	JP 1990-240017	19900912
JP 2899989	B2	19990602		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1990-240017 199

AB Polysaccharide gels are charged into molds and subjected to high-pressure treatment for molding. The gels are useful in manufacture of jellies, pharmaceutical capsules, medical goods, etc. Aqueous 1% Na alginate solution

was added dropwise to aqueous 1% CaCl2 solution to manufacture Ca alginate gel,

charged in a mold and pressured at 10,000 kg/cm2 for 30 s. The molded gel showed 3.0-fold more elasticity than that of the controls.

L2 ANSWER 5 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:611287 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:211287

TITLE: Molding of polysaccharide gels at high pressure

INVENTOR(S): Tobiya, Atsumi; Shiotani, Toshiaki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Snow Brand Milk Products Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 3 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

was

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	<b>-</b>			
JP 04121151	A2	19920422	JP 1990-240017	19900912
JP 2899989	B2	19990602		
			TD 1000 040017	1000010

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1990-240017 19900912

AB Polysaccharide gels are charged into molds and subjected to high-pressure treatment for molding. The gels are useful in manufacture of jellies, pharmaceutical capsules, medical goods, etc. Aqueous 1% Na alginate solution

added dropwise to aqueous 1% CaCl2 solution to manufacture Ca alginate gel, which was

charged in a mold and pressured at 10,000 kg/cm2 for 30 s. The molded gel showed 3.0-fold more elasticity than that of the controls.

ANSWER 3 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

2002:523665 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:184545

Study on ethanol fermentation by immobilized cells of TITLE:

aluminum alginate

Song, Xiang-yang; Mao, Lian-shan; Yang, Fu-guo; Yong, AUTHOR(S):

Qiang; Yu, Shi-yuan

College of Chemical Engineering, Nanjing Forestry CORPORATE SOURCE:

University, Nanjing, 210037, Peop. Rep. China

Linchan Huaxue Yu Gongye (2002), 22(2), 43-46 SOURCE:

CODEN: LHYGD7; ISSN: 0253-2417

PUBLISHER:

Linchan Huaxue Yu Gongye Bianji Weiyuanhui

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

Chinese

Life time of immobilized Pichia stipitis yeast cells was prolonged

significantly when the gel was made from higher mechanic

strength aluminum alginate instead of the weaker

calcium alginate. Endurance against phosphate of aluminum alginate gel was increased 3 times than that of calcium

alginate gel. Glucose-xylose mixture could be used to manufacture

ethanol by immobilized Pichia stipitis yeast cells of aluminum

alginate. The concentration of ethanol in final broth was enhanced from 26.0 g/L to 27.3 g/L, and utilization ratio of total sugar was 93.7%.

L2 ANSWER 3 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:523665 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:184545

TITLE:

Study on ethanol fermentation by immobilized cells of

aluminum alginate

AUTHOR (S):

Song, Xiang-yang; Mao, Lian-shan; Yang, Fu-guo; Yong,

Qiang; Yu, Shi-yuan

CORPORATE SOURCE:

College of Chemical Engineering, Nanjing Forestry

University, Nanjing, 210037, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE:

Linchan Huaxue Yu Gongye (2002), 22(2), 43-46

CODEN: LHYGD7; ISSN: 0253-2417

PUBLISHER:

Linchan Huaxue Yu Gongye Bianji Weiyuanhui

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

Chinese

AB Life time of immobilized Pichia stipitis yeast cells was prolonged significantly when the **gel** was made from higher mechanic strength **aluminum alginate** instead of the weaker

calcium alginate. Endurance against phosphate of aluminum alginate gel was increased 3 times than that of calcium

alginate **gel**. Glucose-xylose mixture could be used to manufacture ethanol by immobilized Pichia stipitis yeast cells of **aluminum** 

alginate. The concentration of ethanol in final broth was enhanced from 26.0 g/L to 27.3 g/L, and utilization ratio of total sugar was 93.7%.

L2 ANSWER 2 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:655965 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:184961

TITLE: Substance for producing a satiated effect and for

weight reduction

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Beisel, Guenther, Germany

SOURCE: Ger. Gebrauchsmusterschrift, 12 pp.

CODEN: GGXXFR

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT		KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.				
DE 2020	5854	U1		DE 2002-20205854 WO 2003-EP3910				
₩:	CO, CR, CU, HR, HU, ID,	CZ, DK, IL, IN,	, DM, DZ, , IS, JP,	BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ,	GD, GE, GH, GM, LC, LK, LR, LS,			
	PL, PT, RO, UA, UG, US,	RU, SC UZ, VC	, SD, SE, , VN, YU,		TN, TR, TT, TZ,			
RW:	KG, KZ, MD, FI, FR, GB,	RU, TJ GR, HU	, TM, AT, , IE, IT,	SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR,	DE, DK, EE, ES, SE, SI, SK, TR,			
EP 1494	, , ,			EP 2003-746298				
R:				GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ,				
US 2005	222082	A1		US 2005-511518				
PRIORITY APP	LN. INFO.:			DE 2002-10216551 DE 2002-20205854 WO 2003-EP3910	U 20020415			

The invention concerns anionic polymer aluminum salts in form of dried gels or foams, preferably aluminum alginate and aluminum pectinate for the usage as a substance that causes satiety and contributes to weight loss. The compns. further contain vitamins, trace elements or drugs. Typical formulations are tablets, dragees, capsules, granules, and powders.

L2 ANSWER 2 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:655965 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:184961

OCCUMENT NUMBER: 157.164701

TITLE: Substance for producing a satiated effect and for

weight reduction

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Beisel, Guenther, Germany

SOURCE:

Ger. Gebrauchsmusterschrift, 12 pp.

CODEN: GGXXFR

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent German

LANGUAGE: Ger FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	TENT	NO.			KIN	D	DATE		j	APPL	I CAT	ION	NO.		D	ATE	
	2020																
WO	2003				A1		2003										
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
		CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,
		HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KΡ,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,
		LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NI,	NO,	ΝZ,	OM,	PH,
		PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,
		UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW						
	RW:	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,
		KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,
		FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	ΙT,	LU,	MC,	ΝL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,
		BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG
EP	1494	655			A1		2005	0112		EP 2	003-	7462	98		2	0030	415
	R:	ΑT,	ΒE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
		ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	SK	
US	2005	2220	82		A1		2005	1006	1	US 2	005-	5115	18		2	0050	509
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:					:	DE 2	002-	1021	6551		A 2	0020	415
										DE 2	002-	2020	5854	1	U 2	0020	415
									1	WO 2	003-1	EP39	10	1	W 2	0030	415

AB The invention concerns anionic polymer aluminum salts in form of dried gels or foams, preferably aluminum alginate and aluminum pectinate for the usage as a substance that causes satiety and contributes to weight loss. The compns. further contain vitamins, trace elements or drugs. Typical formulations are tablets, dragees, capsules, granules, and powders.

ANSWER 1 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN L2

2004:1074756 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:397451

In situ cross-linking of sodium alginate with calcium TITLE:

and aluminum ions to sustain the release of

theophylline from polymeric matrices

Nokhodchi, Ali; Tailor, Anish AUTHOR (S):

Pharmacy Department, Kings College London, London, SE1 CORPORATE SOURCE:

9NN, UK

Farmaco (2004), 59(12), 999-1004 SOURCE:

CODEN: FRMCE8; ISSN: 0014-827X

Editions Scientifiques et Medicales Elsevier PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Small matrixes of calcium alginate or aluminum alginate

have been investigated as possible controlled release systems for drugs. The objective of the present study was to sustain the release of theophylline from alginate matrixes using different concns. of aluminum chloride and calcium chloride in presence and absence of HPMC. Tablets containing differing concns. of aluminum and calcium chloride were produced and the release rate of theophylline was tested using the basket dissoln. apparatus over 8 h. Increasing amts. of aluminum chloride from 0.0001 to 0.00068 mol decreased the release of theophylline from 95.1±0.27 to 29.5±1.5, indicating a significant effect of aluminum ions on a reduction

in the release rate of theophylline from sodium alginate matrixes. In the case of matrixes containing different concns. of calcium ions, as the

concentration

of calcium chloride increased, the release rate increased to an optimum then declined after this. This was due to insufficient calcium ions being available to cross-link with the sodium alginate to form an insol.

The effect of aluminum ions, as this is a trivalent ion compared to calcium, which is a divalent ion, aluminum ions are able to decrease the release rate with a smaller concentration compared to calcium ions.

The results also showed that the presence of HPMC caused a reduction in release rate of theophylline from alginate matrixes containing calcium chloride. Whereas, in the case of alginate matrixes containing aluminum chloride the release rate of theophylline increased in presence of HPMC. For comparing the dissoln. data, dissoln. efficiency (DE) was used. The values of DE are consistent with the dissoln. data. The results show that within a formulation series, DE values generally decrease when the cation concentration increases and this criterion can be used to describe the effect

of

calcium and aluminum ions on the release behavior of theophylline from polymeric matrixes.

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

ANSWER 2 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:655965 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:184961

TITLE: Substance for producing a satiated effect and for

weight reduction

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Beisel, Guenther, Germany

Ger. Gebrauchsmusterschrift, 12 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: GGXXFR

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent German LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

REFERENCE COUNT:

DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.

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DE 2002-20205854
                                                                       20020415
                           U1
                                  20020829
     DE 20205854
                                  20031023
                                              WO 2003-EP3910
     WO 2003086360
                           Α1
             AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
              CO, CR, CU, CZ, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM,
             HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS,
              LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
         PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,
              FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,
             BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                  20050112
                           A1
                                             EP 2003-746298
                                                                       20030415
     EP 1494655
             AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
              IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
     US 2005222082
                                                                       20050509
                           A1 20051006
                                              US 2005-511518
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                               DE 2002-10216551
                                                                    A 20020415
                                               DE 2002-20205854
                                                                    U 20020415
                                               WO 2003-EP3910
                                                                    W 20030415
     The invention concerns anionic polymer aluminum salts in form of dried
AB
     gels or foams, preferably aluminum alginate
     and aluminum pectinate for the usage as a substance that causes satiety
     and contributes to weight loss. The compns. further contain vitamins, trace
     elements or drugs. Typical formulations are tablets, dragees, capsules,
     granules, and powders.
     ANSWER 3 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
L2
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                          2002:523665 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                          137:184545
TITLE:
                          Study on ethanol fermentation by immobilized cells of
                          aluminum alginate
                          Song, Xiang-yang; Mao, Lian-shan; Yang, Fu-guo; Yong,
AUTHOR (S):
                          Qiang; Yu, Shi-yuan
                          College of Chemical Engineering, Nanjing Forestry
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                          University, Nanjing, 210037, Peop. Rep. China
SOURCE:
                          Linchan Huaxue Yu Gongye (2002), 22(2), 43-46
                          CODEN: LHYGD7; ISSN: 0253-2417
                          Linchan Huaxue Yu Gongye Bianji Weiyuanhui
PUBLISHER:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                          Journal
LANGUAGE:
                          Chinese
AB
     Life time of immobilized Pichia stipitis yeast cells was prolonged
     significantly when the gel was made from higher mechanic
     strength aluminum alginate instead of the weaker
     calcium alginate. Endurance against phosphate of aluminum
     alginate gel was increased 3 times than that of calcium
     alginate gel. Glucose-xylose mixture could be used to manufacture
     ethanol by immobilized Pichia stipitis yeast cells of aluminum
     alginate. The concentration of ethanol in final broth was enhanced from
     26.0 g/L to 27.3 g/L, and utilization ratio of total sugar was 93.7%.
     ANSWER 4 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
L2
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                          2002:204584 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                          136:231629
                          Beverages containing heat-resistant metal ion gels
TITLE:
INVENTOR(S):
                          Kato, Takenori; Yamabe, Kaoru
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
                          Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.
                          CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                          Patent
LANGUAGE:
                          Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
```

APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE \_\_\_\_\_ -----\_ \_ \_ \_ \_\_\_\_\_ A2 20020319 JP 2000-269655 20000906 JP 2002078468 JP 2000-269655 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: The beverages contain heat-resistant polysaccharide metal ion gels and

show Brix ≤21% and metal ion content ≥0.01 weight%. Spherical jelly was manufactured from Na alginate, carrageenan, and CaCl2 and added to a lemon drink. The jelly was stable after storage in a refrigerator for 2 wk.

REFERENCE COUNT:

18 THERE ARE 18 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 5 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN L2

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1992:611287 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

117:211287

TITLE:

Molding of polysaccharide gels at high pressure

INVENTOR(S):

Tobiya, Atsumi; Shiotani, Toshiaki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Snow Brand Milk Products Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 3 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

CODEN: JKXXAF Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 04121151	A2	19920422	JP 1990-240017	19900912
JP 2899989	B2	19990602		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 1990-240017 19900912

Polysaccharide gels are charged into molds and subjected to high-pressure treatment for molding. The gels are useful in manufacture of jellies, pharmaceutical capsules, medical goods, etc. Aqueous 1% Na alginate solution was

added dropwise to aqueous 1% CaCl2 solution to manufacture Ca alginate gel, which was

charged in a mold and pressured at 10,000 kg/cm2 for 30 s. showed 3.0-fold more elasticity than that of the controls.

ANSWER 6 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1991:614903 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

115:214903

TITLE:

Controlled-release formulation for pharmaceutical,

foodstuff, or assay component

INVENTOR(S):

Barker, Sidney Alan; Gray, Charles John; Hofmann,

Martin

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Kelco International Ltd., UK

SOURCE:

Eur. Pat. Appl., 21 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	<del>-</del>			
EP 447100	A1	19910918	EP 1991-301806	19910305
R: CH, DE, FR,	GB, IT	, LI, NL		
CA 2037569	AA	19910907	CA 1991-2037569	19910305
CA 2037569	С	20020212		
JP 05078237	A2	19930330	JP 1991-216757	19910306
JP 3264948	B2	20020311		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GB 1990-4950 A 19900306

AB A controlled-release formulation based on a gel matrix is provided for controlled release of a pharmaceutical, a foodstuff, or as a component of a diagnostic assay apparatus. The formulation comprises a gel matrix, a protein trapped therein, and an ingredient capable of binding to the entrapped protein. On exposure of the formulation to an environment containing a proteolytic enzyme, the protein is degraded and the ingredient released from the protein and into the enzyme-containing environment. Preparation of tetracycline-casein-calcium alginate beads is described, as is release of tetracycline from the beads by exposure of the beads to trypsin.

L2 ANSWER 7 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:166837 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 104:166837

TITLE: Trivalent cation stabilization of alginate gel for

cell immobilization

AUTHOR(S): Rochefort, Willie E.; Rehg, Tim; Chau, Pao C. CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem. Eng., Univ. California, San Diego, CA,

92093, USA

SOURCE: Biotechnology Letters (1986), 8(2), 115-20

CODEN: BILED3; ISSN: 0141-5492

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB Ca alginate [9005-35-0] gel can be stabilized by a simple treatment with trivalent cation. Gel strength can be increased by a factor of 2 after washing with 0.1M Al(NO3)3 without a significant loss of ability for cell

immobilization.

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:838011 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:351216

TITLE: Alginate polyelectrolyte ionotropic gels. XVII.

Influence of diffusion controls on relaxation time of

gelation between alginate polyelectrolyte and

polyvalent metal ions

AUTHOR(S): Hassan, R.M.; El-Shatoury, S.A.; Mahfouz, R.M.; Azab,

H.A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Faculty of Science, Assiut University, Assiut, 71516,

Egypt

SOURCE: Aswan Science & Technology Bulletin (1995), 16, 62-73

CODEN: ASTBEQ; ISSN: 1110-0184

PUBLISHER: Faculty of Science

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB The relaxation time of gelation during the sol-gel transformation between alginate sol and multicharged metal ions such as di and trivalent metal ions has been measured as a function of the rate of gel growth. The results showed that the relaxation time of gelation increased as in the order Ba2+ < Cd2+  $\leq$  Sr2+ < Pb2+  $\leq$  Ca2+ < Sn2+ < Al3+ < Fe3+ alginates. The thermodn. parameters have been evaluated and a tentative mechanism is discussed.

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:838011 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:351216

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CORPORATE SOURCE: Faculty of Science, Assiut University, Assiut, 71516,

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SOURCE: Aswan Science & Technology Bulletin (1995), 16, 62-73

CODEN: ASTBEQ; ISSN: 1110-0184

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DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

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L6 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:655965 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:184961

TITLE: Substance for producing a satiated effect and for

weight reduction

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Beisel, Guenther, Germany

SOURCE: Ger. Gebrauchsmusterschrift, 12 pp.

CODEN: GGXXFR Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

		CENT				KIN		DATE			APPL	I CAT	ION 1	. OI		D	ATE	
	DE	2020	5854			U1												
	WO	2003										003-1					00304	
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	ΒŹ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
			CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,
			HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JΡ,	ΚE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,
			LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NI,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PH,
			PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	TJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,
			UA,	UG,	US,	UŻ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	zw						
		RW:	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,
			KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM,	ΑT,	ΒE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,
			FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	ΝL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,
			BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG
	ΕP	1494	655			<b>A</b> 1		2005	0112		EP 2	003-	7462	98		2	0030	415
		R:	ΑT,	ΒE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙΤ,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
			ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	SK	
	US	2005	2220	82		A1		2005	1006		US 2	005-	5115	18		2	0050	509
PRIO	RITY	APP	LN.	INFO	. :						DE 2	002-	1021	6551	i	A 2	0020	415
											DE 2	002-	2020	5854	1	U 2	0020	415
										,	WO 2	003-1	EP39	10	1	₩ 2	0030	415
									-		-		-		_			

The invention concerns anionic polymer aluminum salts in form of dried gels or **foams**, preferably **aluminum alginate**and aluminum pectinate for the usage as a substance that causes satiety and contributes to weight loss. The compns. further contain vitamins, trace elements or drugs. Typical formulations are tablets, dragees, capsules, granules, and powders.

L7 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:655965 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:184961

TITLE: Substance for producing a satiated effect and for

weight reduction

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Beisel, Guenther, Germany

SOURCE: Ger. Gebrauchsmusterschrift, 12 pp.

CODEN: GGXXFR

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.			KIND DATE		APPLICATION NO.											
DI	2020	5854			U1 20020829 A1 20031023			:	DE 2	002-	2020!	5854	20020415				
WC																	
	₩:										BG,						
											ES,						
		HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,
		LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	ΜZ,	NΙ,	NO,	ΝZ,	OM,	PH,
		PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	TJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,
		UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW						
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,
		KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM,	ΑT,	ΒE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	ΕĖ,	ES,
											NL,						
											GW,						
EI	1494	655			A1		2005	0112		EP 2	003-	7462	98		2	0030	415
	R:	ΑT,	ΒE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
		ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	SK	
US	2005																509
PRIORI	CY APP	LN.	INFO	. :						DE 2	002-	1021	6551	1	A 2	0020	415
											002-						
									1	WO 2	003-1	EP39	10	1	1 2	0030	415

AB The invention concerns anionic polymer aluminum salts in form of dried gels or foams, preferably aluminum alginate and aluminum pectinate for the usage as a substance that causes satiety and contributes to weight loss. The compns. further contain vitamins, trace elements or drugs. Typical formulations are tablets, dragees, capsules, granules, and powders.

L7 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:324855 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:93230

TITLE: Ion-exchange equilibria with aluminum pectinates
AUTHOR(S): Franco, Carlos R.; Chagas, Aecio P.; Jorge, Renato A.
CORPORATE SOURCE: UFRR, Universidade Federal de Roraima, Boa Vista,

Roraima, Brazil

SOURCE: Colloids and Surfaces, A: Physicochemical and Engineering Aspects (2002), 204(1-3), 183-192

CODEN: CPEAEH; ISSN: 0927-7757

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB Pectins, which play an important role in the structure of the plant cell wall, are used in medical treatment and for the prevention of metal intoxication, and also as a **gelling** component in the food industry. The ions of various metals (iron, zinc, copper, manganese, calcium and aluminum) are involved in biol. reactions and can bind to pectins for transport through the cell wall into the cytoplasm; Al3+ ions, however, are toxic to plants. Despite the serious problems caused by such aluminum toxicity, little is known about the interaction of the Al3+ ions

and pectins, especially those demethylated by pectin methylesterase (PME). The ion-exchange equilibrium (Ke) between solid aluminum pectinates (obtained from enzymic hydrolysis) with differing degrees of demethylation (DM) and aqueous solns. of iron, zinc, copper, manganese and calcium nitrates was studied. The order of preference for PME demethylated pectins (Fe3+>Al3+>Cu2+.simeq.Mn2+>Zn2+.simeq.Ca2+) shows that aluminum has a greater affinity for the carboxyls of the pectins, an affinity that can be related to the Al toxicity in plants sensitive to the Al3+ ion. In the ionic exchange with Fe, Cu and Mn, small variations in Ke with DM was observed, whereas those with Zn and Ca remained constant A cooperative effect for the ion exchange between the aluminum ions and those of Fe, Cu and Mn was observed, whereas a competitive one was found for the exchange with Zn and Ca. Possibly the cooperative effect is due to the greater affinities of Fe, Cu and Mn for the carboxyls, whereas the competitive effect was due to the lesser affinities of Ca and Zn. These results were compared with those of a prior study of the ion-exchange process of aluminum pectinates with differing DM obtained through alkaline hydrolysis.

REFERENCE COUNT:

51

THERE ARE 51 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 4 OF 4 MEDLINE ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 97348836 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 9204774

TITLE: Comparative study of in-vitro release and bioavailability

of sustained release diclofenac sodium from certain

hydrophilic polymers and commercial tablets in beagle dogs.

AUTHOR: Hosny E A; al-Helw A R; al-Dardiri M A

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pharmaceutics, College of Pharmacy, King Saud

University, Riyadh, Saudi Arabia.

SOURCE: Pharmaceutica acta Helvetiae, (1997 Jun) 72 (3) 159-64.

Journal code: 0401134. ISSN: 0031-6865.

PUB. COUNTRY: Switzerland

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 199707

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19970812

Last Updated on STN: 19970812 Entered Medline: 19970728

Hydrophilic colloids interact with metallic ions to yield crosslinked AΒ insoluble salts. Such principle was utilized in the preparation of diclofenac sodium beads from sodium alginate and sodium carboxymethylcellulose. Hard spherical beads of aluminum alginate and aluminum carboxymethylcellulose with a narrow particle size distribution (1.60 +/- 0.12 and 3.10 +/- 0.20 mm) and low friability (0.5 and 1.4%) respectively were obtained with high yield (80-90%) and a drug content approaching 70-80%. The type and concentration of the polymers as well as the pH of the dissolution medium were found to affect the rate of drug release. Beads prepared from Na-alginate showed a non-significantly (p > 0.05) faster rate of drug release than that prepared from NaCMC. The higher the polymer concentration, the slower was the rate of drug release. Diclofenac sodium did not release in 0.1 N HCl (pH 1.2) for 2 h and released in phosphate buffer solution (pH 6.8) from the two formulations studied and from the commercial Voltaren Retard tablet. The two formulations of the beads resulted in a sustained release action of diclofenac sodium for 24 h. They showed Kel values of 0.02 +/-0.01 and 0.3 +/-0.01 h-1 and these correspond to t1/2 of 34.65 and 27.70 for the Na-alginate and NaCMC beads, respectively. They also showed mean residence time (MRT) values of 9.56 +/- 2.5 and 7.86 +/- 0.54 h, respectively. They also showed non-significant (p > 0.05) differences with respect to their plasma levels, Cmax, Tmax and AUCO-->24 h. The relative bioavailability of the two formulations were 59.01 and 47.96%, respectively, relative to that of the commercial Voltaren Retard tablets of Ciba-Geigy which showed a Kel of 0.044 h-1 corresponding to a t1/2 of 15.75 h and MRT of 7.45 +/- 1.10 h.

L11 ANSWER 4 OF 4 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 97348836 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 9204774

TITLE: Comparative study of in-vitro release and bioavailability

of sustained release diclofenac sodium from certain

hydrophilic polymers and commercial tablets in beagle dogs.

AUTHOR: Hosny E A; al-Helw A R; al-Dardiri M A

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pharmaceutics, College of Pharmacy, King Saud

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PUB. COUNTRY: Switzerland

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

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L13 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:134020 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 90:134020

TITLE: Water-containing plant growth medium

INVENTOR(S): Sterling, Henley Frank

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): International Standard Electric Corp., USA

SOURCE: S. African, 8 pp.

CODEN: SFXXAB

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	<del>-</del>			
ZA 7707569	Α	19781025	ZA 1977-7569	19771220
GB 1555720	Α	19791114	GB 1977-3346	19780117
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			GB 1977-3346 A	19770127

AB Microcapsules or filaments are described, made of calcium alginate

[9005-35-0] coated with aluminum alginate

[9019-40-3]. Since Ca alginate traps water, the **capsules** might be used for slow-release water supply, such as for seed gemination in dry, sandy soil. The **capsules**, which might also contain plant

nutrients plant growth-regulators and pesticides, are prepared by a method described in UK Patent 1,399,726.

L13 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:134020 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 90:134020

TITLE: Water-containing plant growth medium

INVENTOR(S): Sterling, Henley Frank

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): International Standard Electric Corp., USA

SOURCE: S. African, 8 pp.

CODEN: SFXXAB

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ZA 7707569	Α	19781025	ZA 1977-7569	19771220
GB 1555720	Α	19791114	GB 1977-3346	19780117
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			GB 1977-3346 A	19770127

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described in UK Patent 1,399,726.

L19 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:611287 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:211287

TITLE: Molding of polysaccharide gels at high pressure

INVENTOR(S): Tobiya, Atsumi; Shiotani, Toshiaki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Snow Brand Milk Products Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 3 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

which was

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 04121151	A2	19920422	JP 1990-240017	19900912
JP 2899989	B2	19990602		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1990-240017 19900912

AB Polysaccharide gels are charged into molds and subjected to high-pressure treatment for molding. The gels are useful in manufacture of jellies, pharmaceutical capsules, medical goods, etc. Aqueous 1% Na alginate solution

was added dropwise to aqueous 1% CaCl2 solution to manufacture Ca alginate gel,

charged in a mold and pressured at 10,000 kg/cm2 for 30 s. The molded gel showed 3.0-fold more elasticity than that of the controls.

L19 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:611287 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:211287

TITLE: Molding of polysaccharide gels at high pressure

INVENTOR(S): Tobiya, Atsumi; Shiotani, Toshiaki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Snow Brand Milk Products Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 3 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
		<b>-</b>		
JP 04121151	A2	19920422	JP 1990-240017	19900912
JP 2899989	B2	19990602		•

JP 2899989 B2 19990002

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1990-240017 19900912

AB Polysaccharide gels are charged into molds and subjected to high-pressure treatment for molding. The gels are useful in manufacture of jellies, pharmaceutical capsules, medical goods, etc. Aqueous 1% Na alginate solution was

added dropwise to aqueous 1% CaCl2 solution to manufacture Ca alginate gel, which was

charged in a mold and pressured at 10,000 kg/cm2 for 30 s. The molded gel showed 3.0-fold more elasticity than that of the controls.